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August 30, 2016

Box 484 Kaslo, British Columbia V0G 1M0

Attention: Mr. Andy Shadrack

Dear Mr. Shadrack:

Re: FortisBC Inc. (FBC)

Project No. 3698875

Application for the Net Metering Program Tariff Update (the Application) Response to Andy Shadrack (Shadrack) Information Request (IR) No. 2

On April 15, 2016, FBC filed the Application referenced above. In accordance with British Columbia Utilities Commission Order G-126-16 establishing further process in the Regulatory Timetable for the review of the Application, FBC respectfully submits the attached response to Shadrack IR No. 2.

If further information is required, please contact Corey Sinclair, Manager, Regulatory Services at 250-469-8038.

Sincerely,

FORTISBC INC.

Original signed:

Diane Roy

Attachments

cc: Commission Secretary Registered Parties



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FortisBC Inc. (FBC or the Company)	Submission Date:
Net Metering Program Tariff Update Application (the Application)	August 30, 2016
Response to Andy Shadrack (Shadrack) Information Request (IR) No. 2	Page 1

Residential customers Phil Trotter and Michelle Poulin write, in their Letter of Comment (E-4), that, according to calculations supplied to them by FBC itself, FBC's proposed changes will increase the overall Trotter/Poulin annual electricity bill by 52.8%. Under the current billing methodology, \$144.68 of the annual Basic Charge cost of \$187.38 is paid off by the Trotter/Poulin household at the Rate Schedule (RS) 95 retail kWh exchange rate. Under the proposed kWh bank proposal, and BC Hydro RS 3808 Tranche 1 rate of 4.303 cents per kWh, only \$57.38 of the annual Basic Charge cost of \$187.38 is paid off. Thus the amount of the Basic Charge that the Trotter/Poulin household pays cash for, even though they exchange the same number of KWh, increases from \$42.70 to \$130 - a tripling of the Basic Charge cash payout by them. Using the same method as FBC applied to the Trotter/Poulin account (but excluding GST and other non-consumptive charges), please state how many of the 97 (June 1, 2016) enrolled net metering customers can expect increased annual bills under the

proposed changes, and please provide the percentage range of such increases:

- i. 300% or higher
- ii. 200% or higher iii.100% or higher iv.75% or higher
- 17 iii. 50% or higher
- iv. 25% or higher
- v. % or higher

Response:

- It is not possible to perform the analysis on all 97 accounts mentioned in the question as many of these customers do not have the full year of Program participation necessary in order to provide the requested comparison. Of the 67 RS01 accounts considered for Commission Order G-59-16, 34 had the required six billing period history similar to that of the original Trotter/Poulin analysis appended to Exhibit E-4.
- Of these 34 accounts, and excluding non-consumptive charges as requested, eight accounts have no change in annual billing, 19 accounts would have lower total annual bills under the proposed methodology, three accounts would have a higher annual total bill and four accounts would have a decrease in the annual credit they would receive.
- For the three accounts that would receive annual billings where they have an amount owing to FBC under either method, and would also see an increase in the billed amount, two would have increases of less than 5%. The other would experience an increase above 300% but this is due to the small base original annual bill amount of \$7.
- There are four accounts that would be in a credit position under either method but would receive a smaller annual credit under the proposed method. Each of these accounts generates far in



FortisBC Inc. (FBC or the Company)	Submission Date:
Net Metering Program Tariff Update Application (the Application)	August 30, 2016
Response to Andy Shadrack (Shadrack) Information Request (IR) No. 2	Page 2

excess of their annual electricity requirement and would see a reduction in the credit of between 50% and 75%.

The analysis supports the Company's conclusion that the proposed changes will have either no impact or provide a small benefit for most customers while reducing the benefit for those participants that routinely generate in excess of their annual requirements.

During the six billing periods prior to enrollment in the net metering program, this intervenor's household purchased 2.768 MWh of power from FBC, whereas in the six most recent billing periods following enrollment (ending June 16th, 2016) our household purchased 2.66 MWh of power and exchanged a further 1.458 MWh, resulting in a net purchase from FBC of 1.202 MWh. This represents a 43.4% reduction in net purchase of electrical power from FBC. The cost to our household of the purchased electricity,

i. What is the average net cost to FBC per delivered kWh of electricity supplied by FBC to residential and small commercial customers in B.C.?

including Basic Charge and before taxes, was \$480.66 compared to \$307.96 in the six

Response:

The Commission has provided, by Order G-126-16, the scope for round two information requests, which is limited to:

most recent billing periods, a net reduction of \$172.70 or 35.9%.

- approval of changes to Rate Schedule (RS) 95 to clarify the intent of the Net Metering Program;
 - approval of the use of a kWh Bank to carry forward Net Excess Generation for an annual period with compensation at the end of that annual period;
 - approval for compensating customers for remaining unused Net Excess Generation at the BC Hydro RS 3808 Tranche 1 rate currently priced at 4.303 cents; and
 - confirmation on FBC's proposed billing methodology.

The Company does not believe that questions related to Cost-of-Service considerations are within the scope defined by the Commission and further, it is unclear what is meant by "average net cost to FBC per delivered kWh of electricity" as posed in the question. It may be useful to note that the average net cost to supply electricity to residential and small commercial



FortisBC Inc. (FBC or the Company)	Submission Date:
Net Metering Program Tariff Update Application (the Application)	August 30, 2016

Response to Andy Shadrack (Shadrack) Information Request (IR) No. 2

Page 3

- customers is equal to the average revenue received from those customers. In other words, the cost per delivered kWh is the revenue requirements associated with the residential and commercial customers divided by the kWh delivered to those customers. In 2017 based on the forecasts provided for the Annual Review of 2017 Rates, this value is roughly a \$0.119/kWh blended rate for the Residential and Commercial classes. Where the number of delivered kWh is reduced, there is upward pressure on rates.
 - The cost to provide service to individual customer classes is only determined pursuant to a fully allocated cost of service analysis done on a periodic basis. Regardless, the Application before the Commission only proposes to change the manner in which a Net Metering customer's account is billed and not any aspect of the Program that would impact the cost to serve relative to the current Program billing.

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ii. Using the same methodological calculation as described above, what is the average amount of the reduction in kWh purchased by all FBC's net metering customers and the reduction in retail dollar value as compared to the number of kWh and dollar value purchased prior to enrolling in the net metering program?

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Response:

- The Commission has provided, by Order G-126-16, the scope for round two information requests, which is limited to:
- approval of changes to Rate Schedule (RS) 95 to clarify the intent of the Net Metering Program;
 - approval of the use of a kWh Bank to carry forward Net Excess Generation for an annual period with compensation at the end of that annual period;
 - approval for compensating customers for remaining unused Net Excess Generation at the BC Hydro RS 3808 Tranche 1 rate currently priced at 4.303 cents; and
 - confirmation on FBC's proposed billing methodology.

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- An examination of billing records over time does not fit within the scope identified by the Commission.
- The Application before the Commission only proposes to change the manner in which a Net Metering customer's account is billed and not any aspect of the Program that would impact the



FortisBC Inc. (FBC or the Company)	Submission Date:
Net Metering Program Tariff Update Application (the Application)	August 30, 2016
Response to Andy Shadrack (Shadrack) Information Request (IR) No. 2	Page 4

amount of energy that a customer is able to generate. It is also the case that any such reduction cannot necessarily be attributed to the installation of customer-owner generation in isolation of any other changes to connected load or behaviour. This is supported by Mr. Shadrack's statement prefacing his Question 2.3 where he notes that he has reduced his consumption by 82% in the last decade but that the majority of that increase occurred prior to the installation of his net metering system.

iii. Noting that if there is a reduction in cost to the customer, there must also be a corresponding reduction in cost to FBC, what is the total dollar reduction in cost to FBC as a result of the Company's net metering customers reducing their consumption of purchased kWh of power?

Response:

Please refer to the response to Shadrack IR 2.2i. Any reduction in the cost to the customer related to reduced consumption would be reflected in a reduction in power purchase costs; however, no reduction in the fixed cost of providing the energy would be expected. In addition, there would be a resulting reduction in revenue related to the energy sale that would need to be considered.

iv. Are the kWh dollar cost savings equal to, less than or more than the current dollar cost to FBC of purchased Net Energy (Excess) Generation from net metering customers?

Response:

29 Please refer to the response to Shadrack IR 2.2iii.

3. The originally stated intent of the net metering program was to allow customers to offset a portion, or all, of their own electrical requirements. Over the last decade this intervener's household has reduced grid consumption from FBC by 82% in the first three



FortisBC Inc. (FBC or the Company)	Submission Date:
Net Metering Program Tariff Update Application (the Application)	August 30, 2016
Response to Andy Shadrack (Shadrack) Information Request (IR) No. 2	Page 5

2016 billing periods, as compared to the first three in 2006. A 49.5% reduction was achieved prior to joining the net metering program and a further 32.5% reduction after.

As a means to encourage reduced electrical power consumption FBC reimburses customers an average of 32% of their costs (Shadrack 1 23) for participating in Demand Side Management (DSM) programs, in the amount of (for example) \$527,000 for residential customers (Shadrack 1 22).

How do the dollars invested by FBC per kWh of reduced consumption for each of the 10 - 13 DSM programs (Shadrack 1.22 and 1.23) compare with the dollars spent by FBC per kWh saved by customers enrolled in the net metering program?

Response:

A discussion of the costs for administering either DSM or the Net Metering Program is not within the scope of the round 2 Information Requests provided by the Commission in Order G-126-16. The company notes however that as discussed in the response to Shadrack 1.22a, FBC does not have information available on the internal costs specific to the Net Metering Program. In addition, FBC does not have visibility into customer generation (just net consumption and generation) if this is what the question considers to be kWh saved by customers enrolled in the Net Metering Program. Therefore, even if the question were in scope, a response is not possible.